

CRCF Methodologies

Agriculture and agroforestry on mineral soils

*How EO assimilation contributes to building a
Transparent, Accurate, Consistent, Complete, &
Comparable*

MRV for SOC

Ahmad Al Bitar

(CNRS/CESBIO)



European
Environment
Agency





Quality Assurance Principles

- Real & Measurable*
- Permanent*
- Additional*
- Independently*
- Audited*
- Unique*
- Conservative*
- Transparently Listed*



Corporate standard Accounting Principles

- Transparency*
- Accuracy*
- Consistency*
- Completeness*
- Relevance*

UNFCCC
Enhanced Transparency
Framework (ETF)



TACCC Principles

-  *ransparency*
-  *ccuracy*
-  *onsistency*
-  *ompleteness*
-  *omparability*

Reinterpretation from for Carbon farming

TACCC Principles

Transparency

Accuracy

Consistency

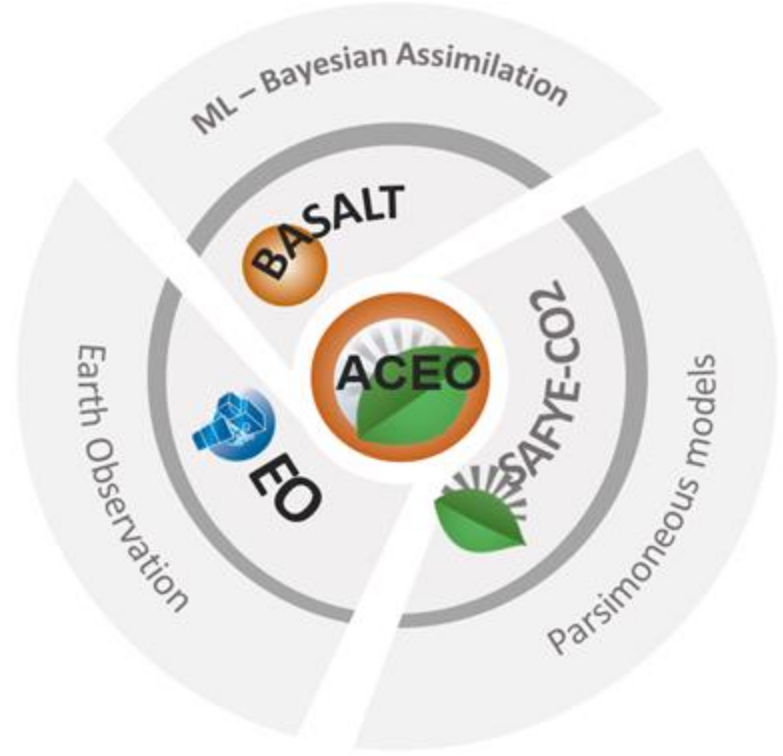
Completeness

Comparability



Specify technological solutions

e.g. AgriCarbon-EO[®]



Inform Policies - CRCF

C Completeness

All mandatory reporting elements must be included.

EO reduces enables lesser complexity by constraining the crop model

Carbon farming is not only about soil need a crop model

Weather, practice, Soil properties

Radiative module

Complete But not complex "Parsimonious"

GPP Respiration

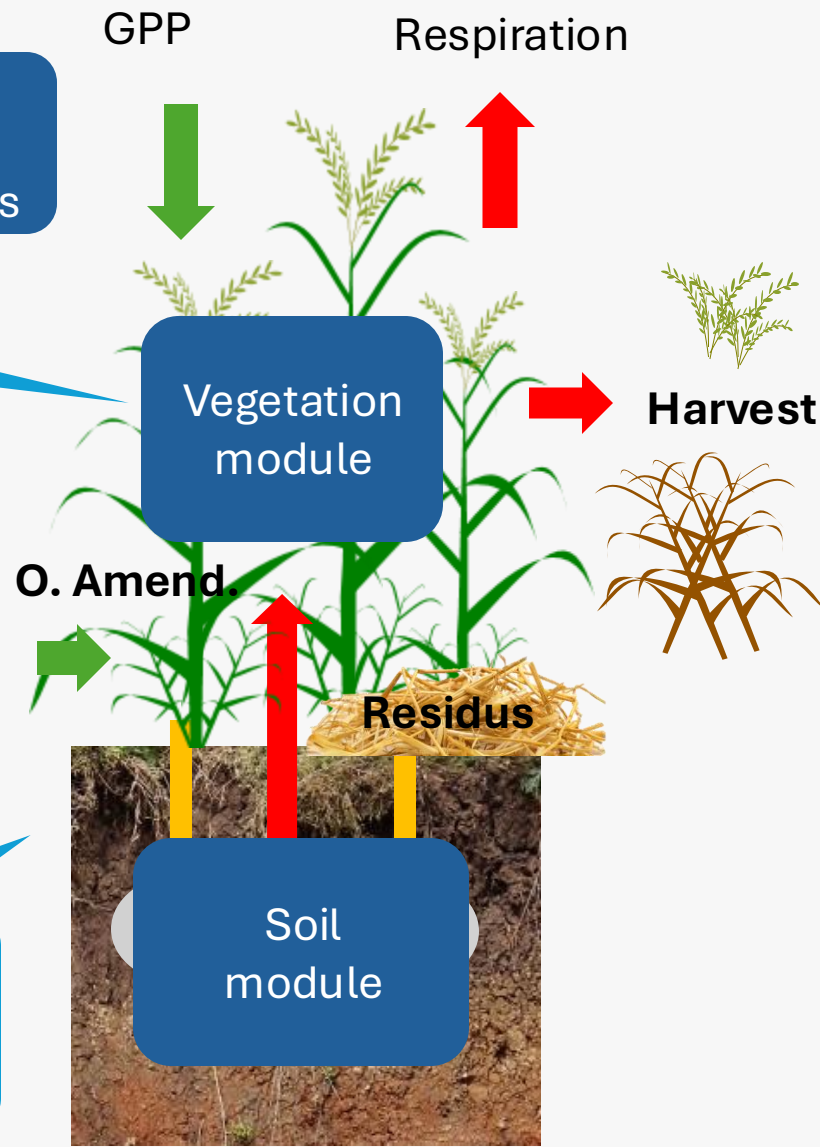
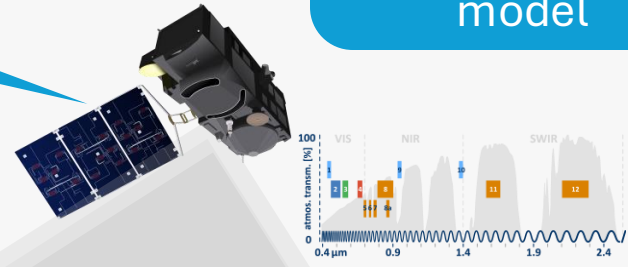
Vegetation module

Soil module

Harvest

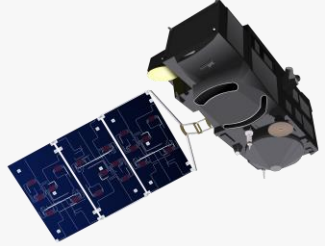
O. Amend.

Residus

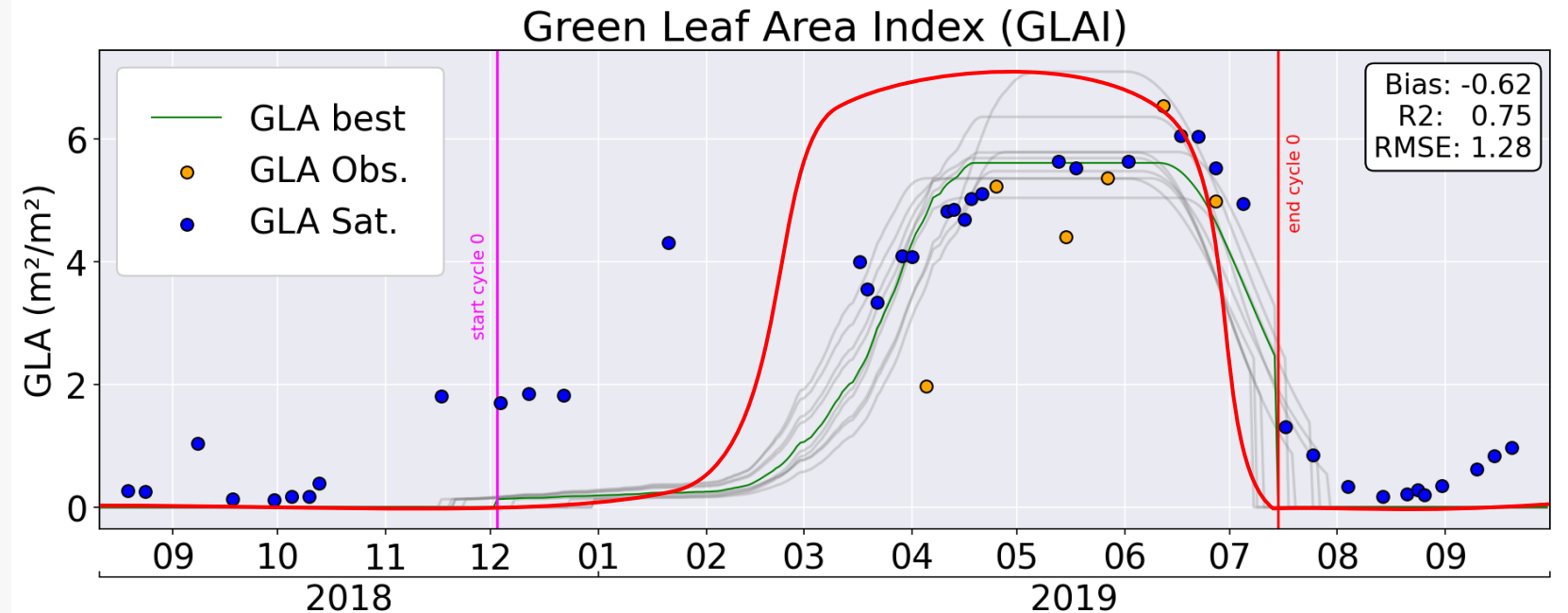


A accuracy

Correct, credible, & reliable information.
Uncertainties should be reduced.



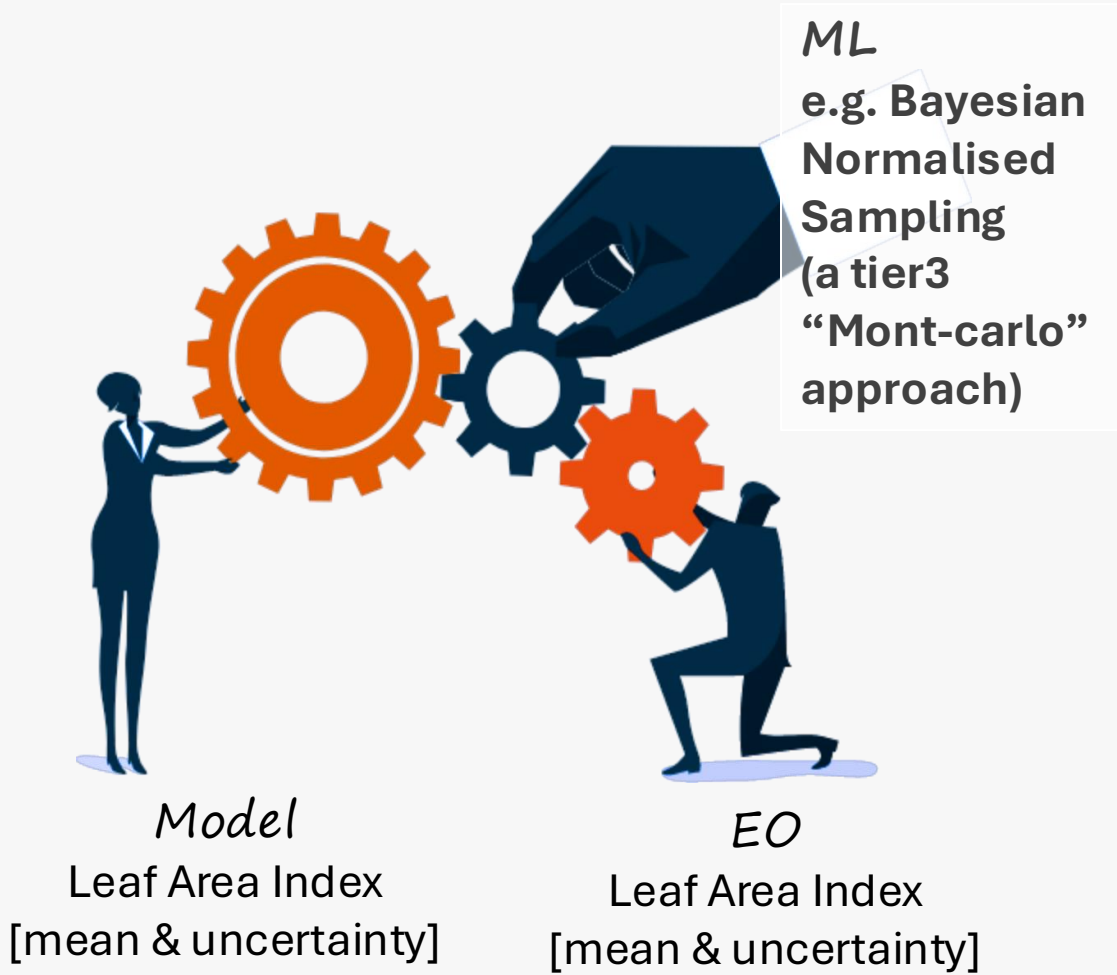
Crop Model Assumptions vs Reality



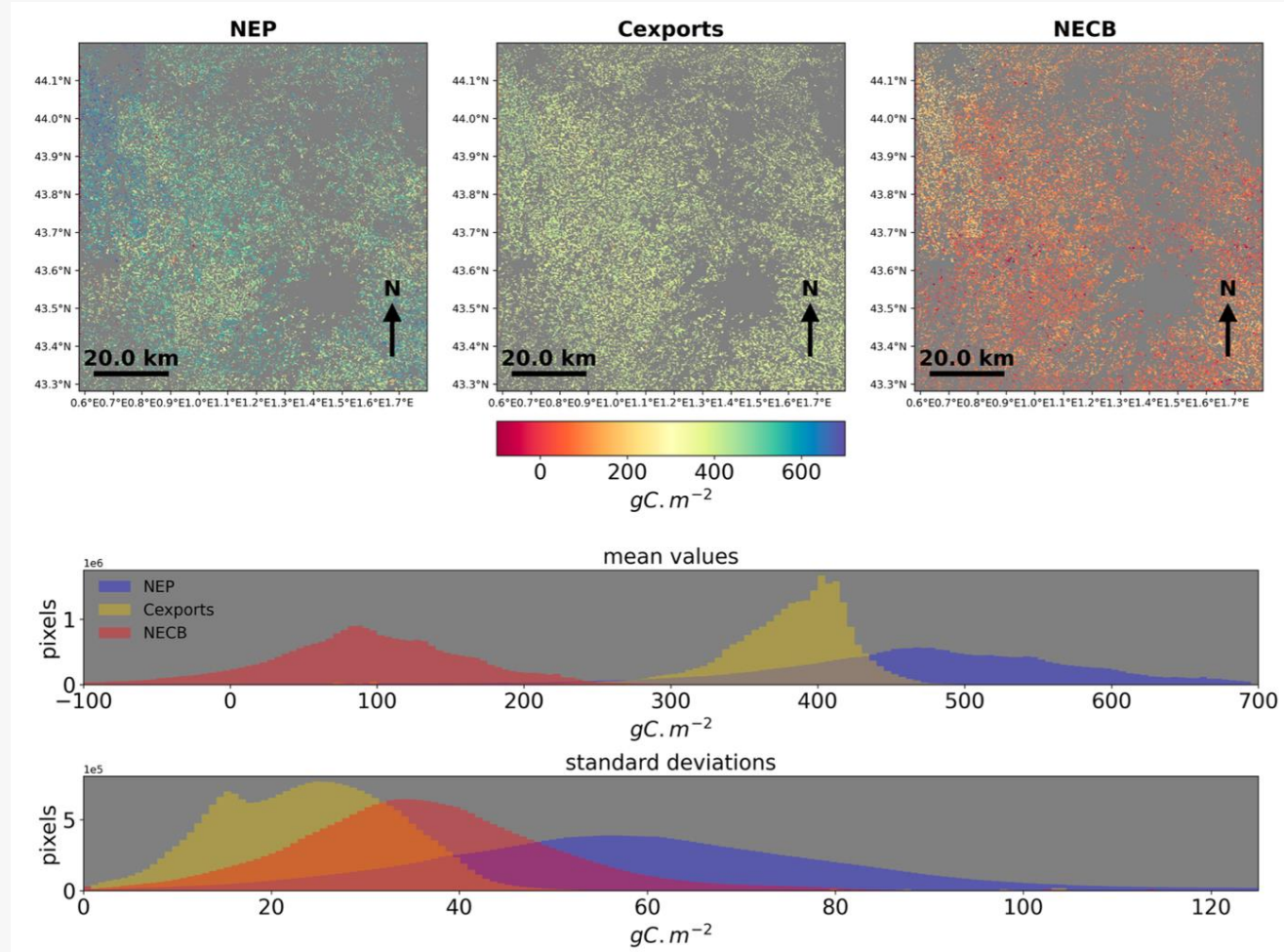
Implication on other variables: GPP, NEE, SOC

A Accuracy

Correct, credible, & reliable information.
Uncertainties should be reduced.



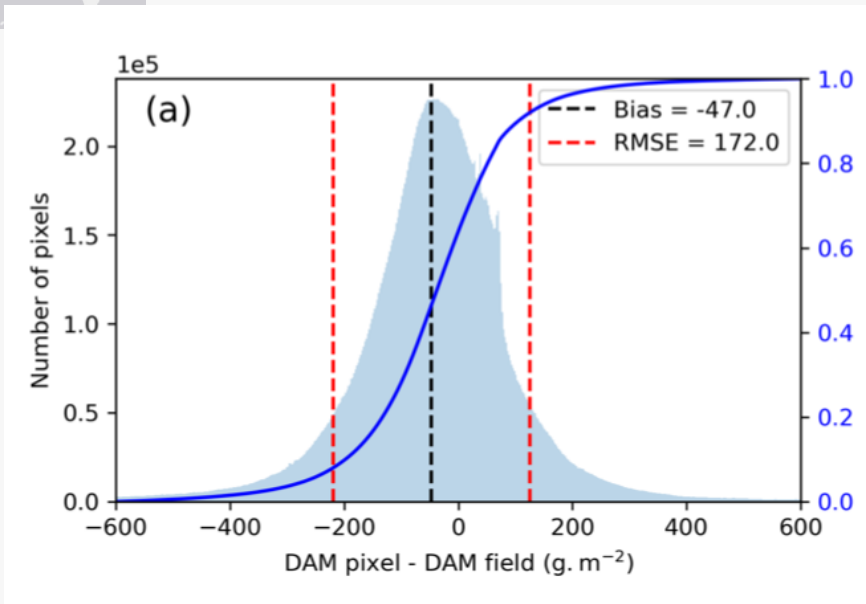
Enables propagation of uncertainties across the processing chain.



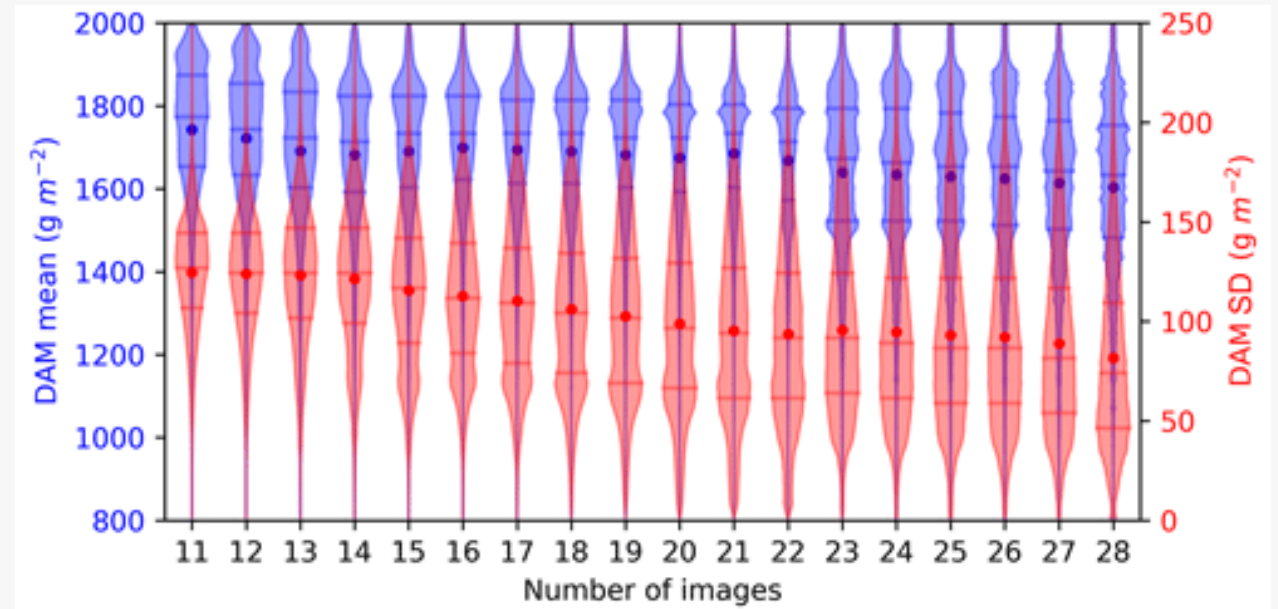
$$\log(\text{Likelihood}) = \sum [-0.5 \times \log(2\pi\sigma^2) - ((v_o - \mu_o)^2 / (2\sigma^2))]$$

Accuracy

Correct, credible, & reliable information.
Uncertainties should be *reduced*.



High resolution → Reduces bias



EO informs the system → Reduces the uncertainties

The higher the number of EO images the higher is the decrease in standard deviation.

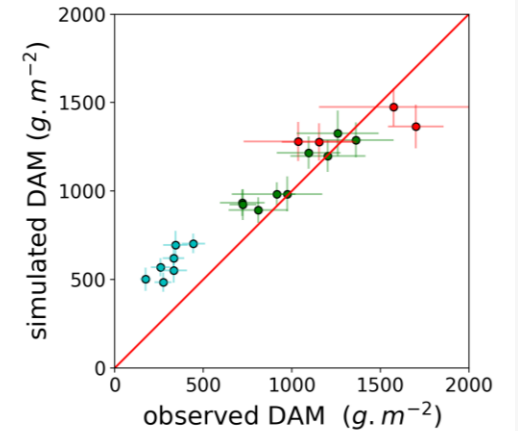
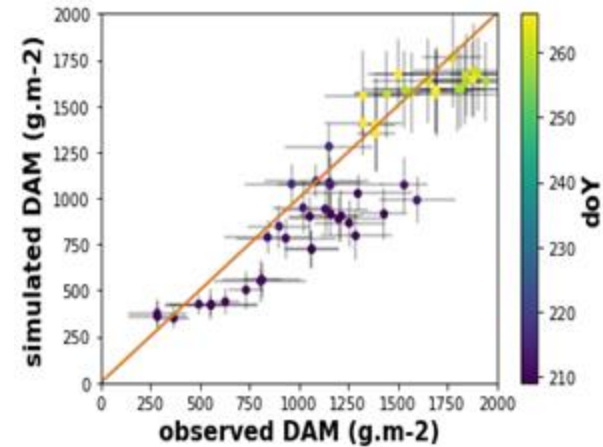
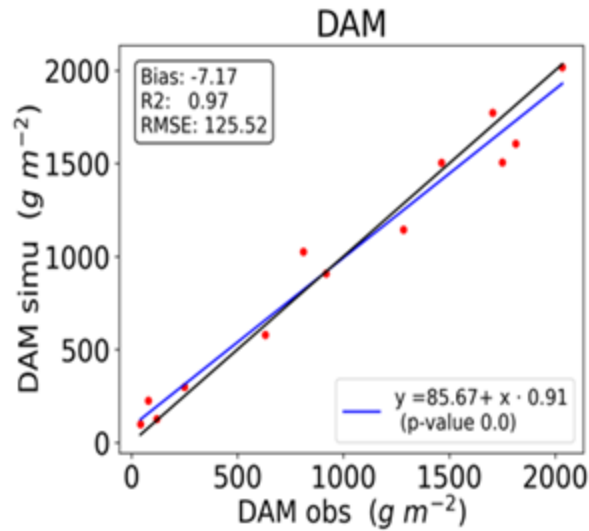
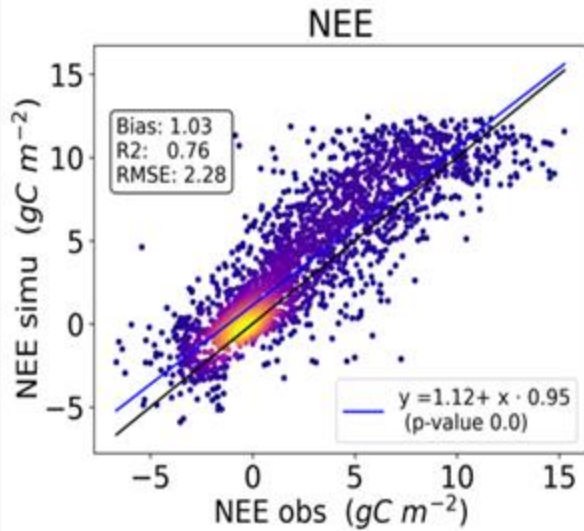
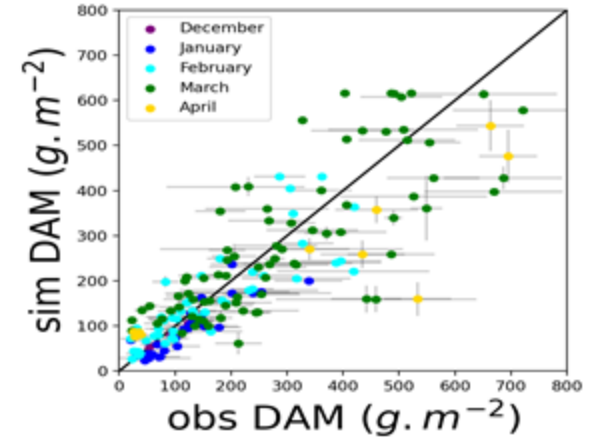
Consistency

The information should not contradict or imply contradictions within or across years (location)

Validation against flux towers



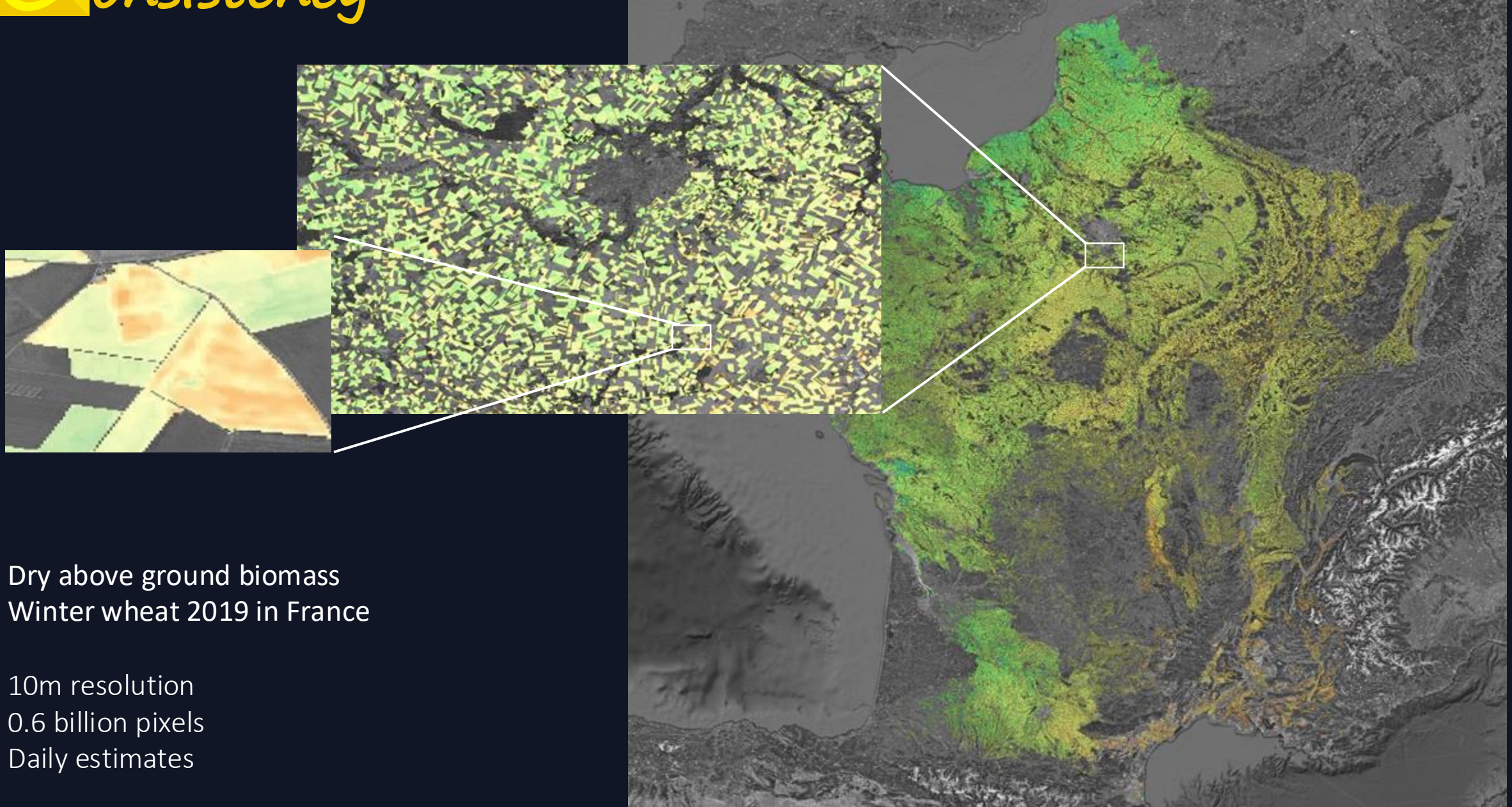
Validation for Maiz, covercrops





From intra-field to National scale

A scalable solution



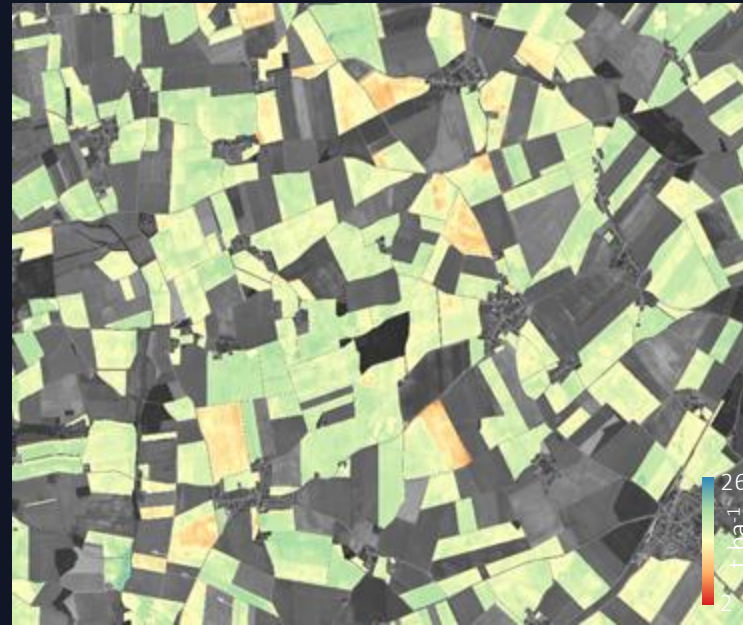
Dry above ground biomass
Winter wheat 2019 in France

10m resolution
0.6 billion pixels
Daily estimates

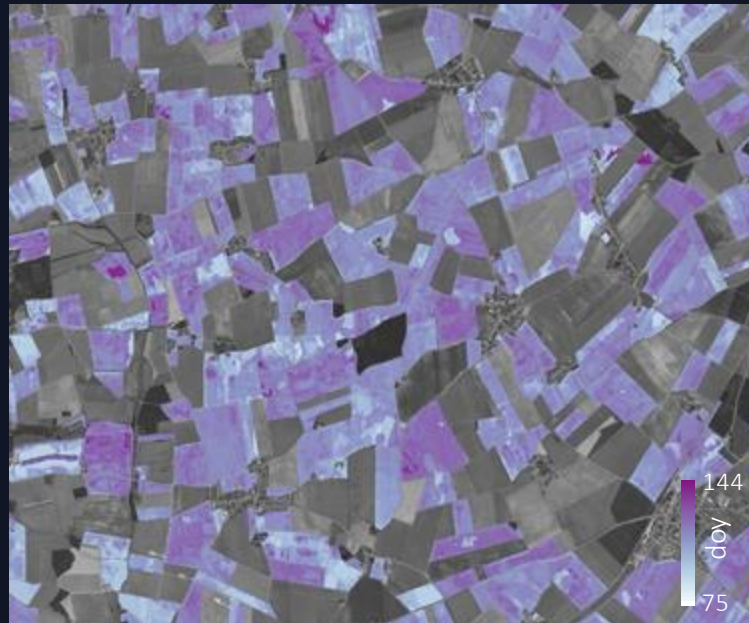
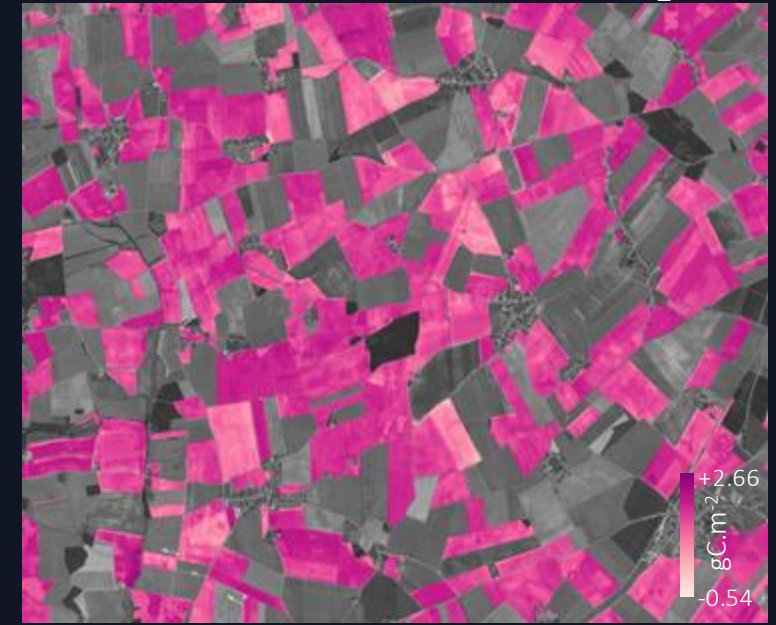


Coherent-set Of agri-environmental variables

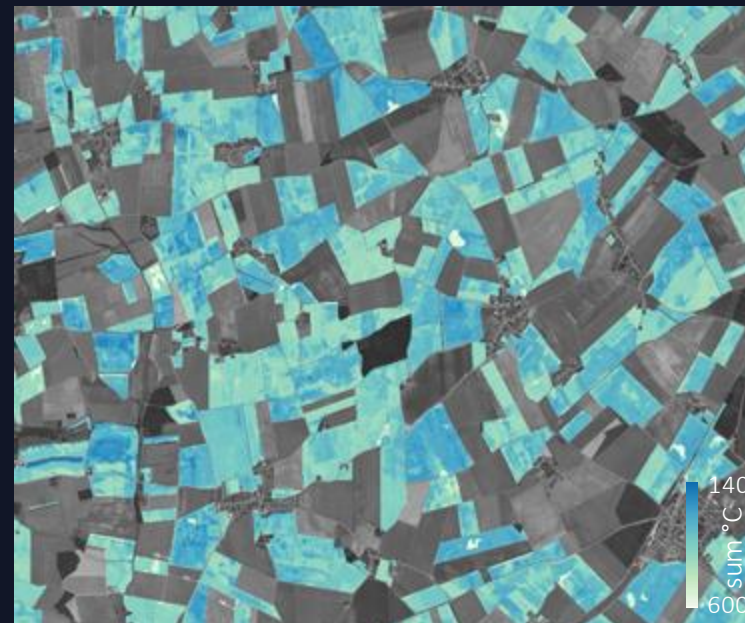
Dry Above ground biomass



Net annual CO₂ flux



Day of emergence



Maturation phase

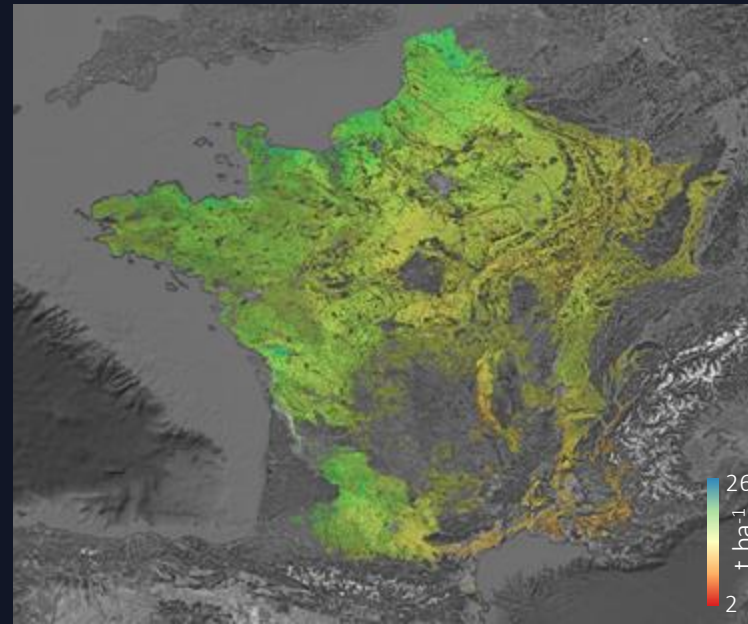


Senescent phase

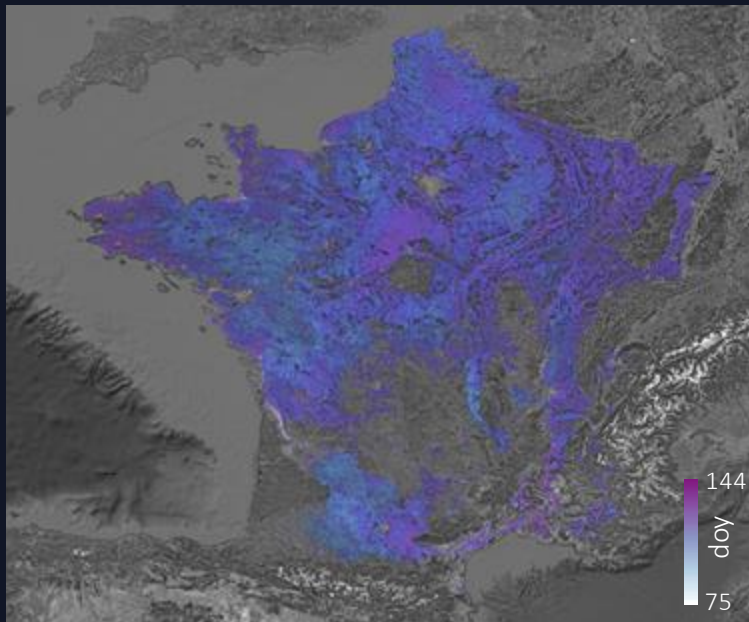


Coherent-set Of agri-environmental variables

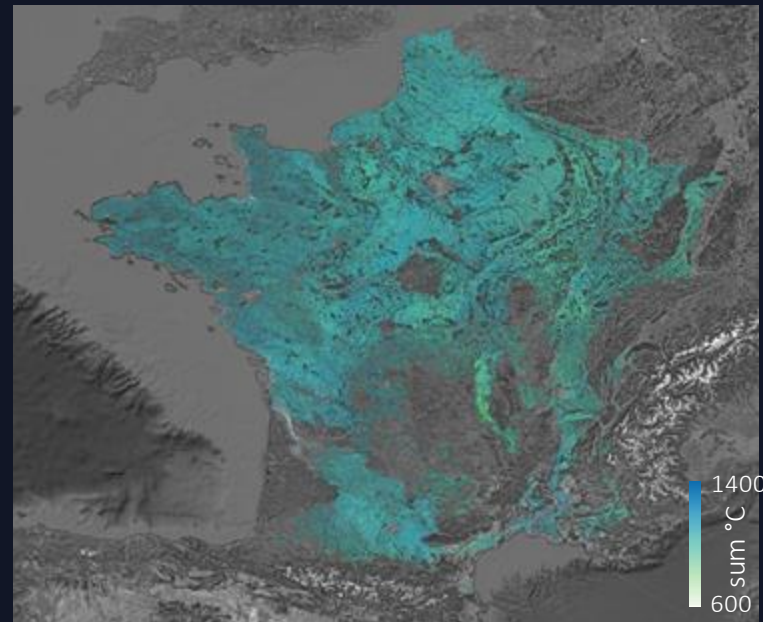
Dry Above ground biomass



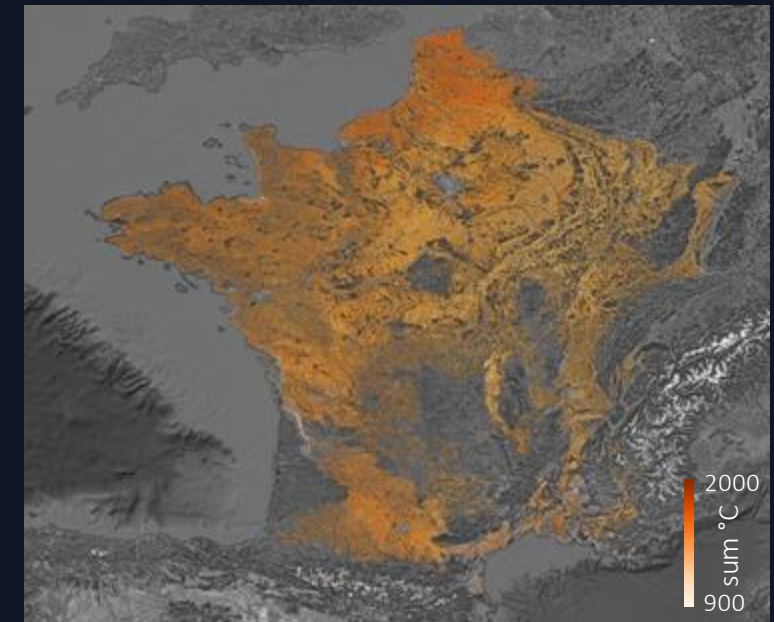
Net annual CO₂ flux



Day of emergence



Maturation phase



Senescent phase



Comparability

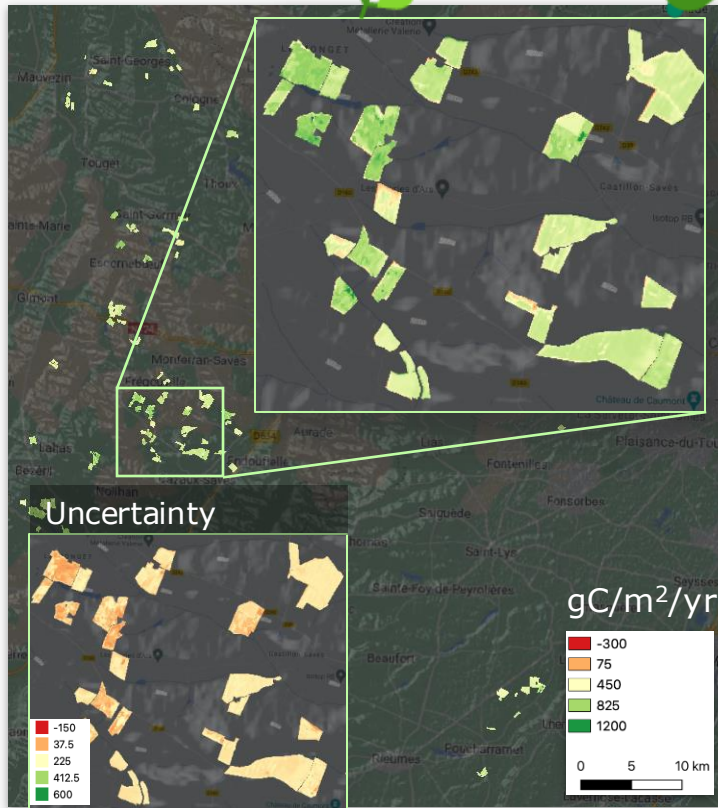
Reported removals should be comparable.

Cover crop



+

Maize

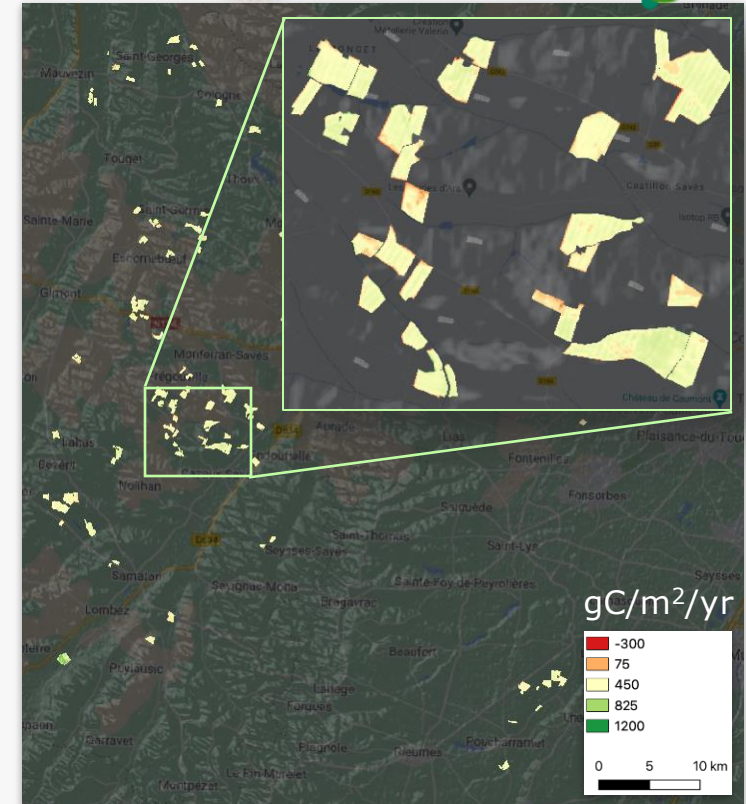


Bare soil

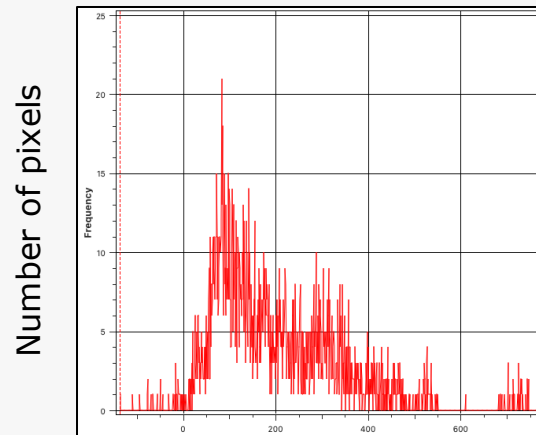


+

Maize



Histogram of the difference



On average 200gC of Dry Mass/ha/yr or approx 0,3 t C/ha stored/yr thanks to the cover crops

Al Bitar et al. IGARSS 2022

EO assimilation enables to produce scenarios vs Business as Ussual

Comparability

Scenario 1: only grains are harvested and no organic amendment applied

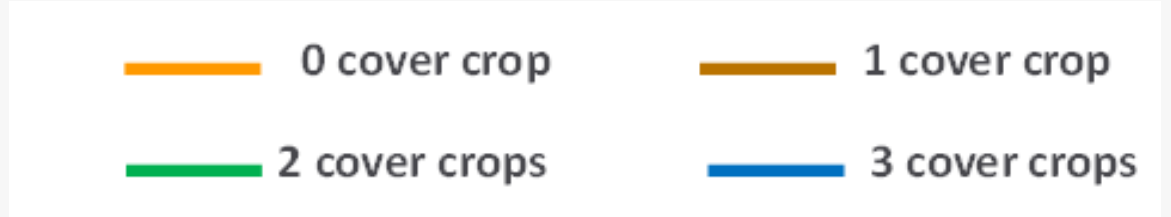
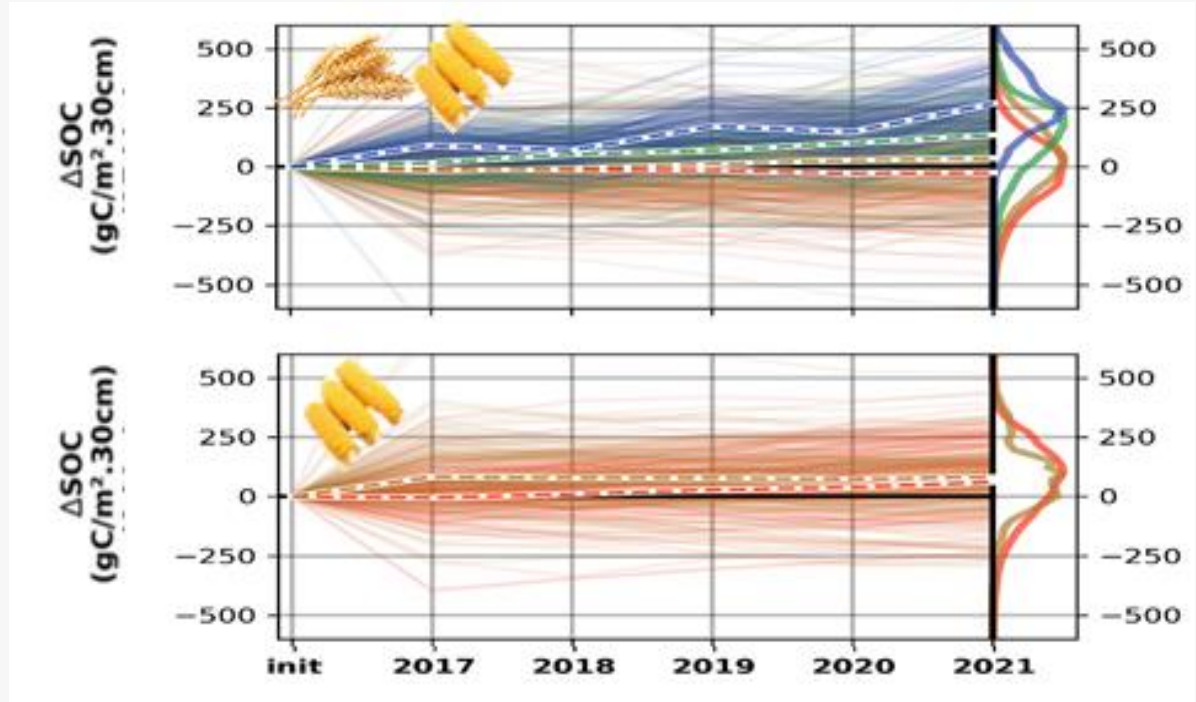
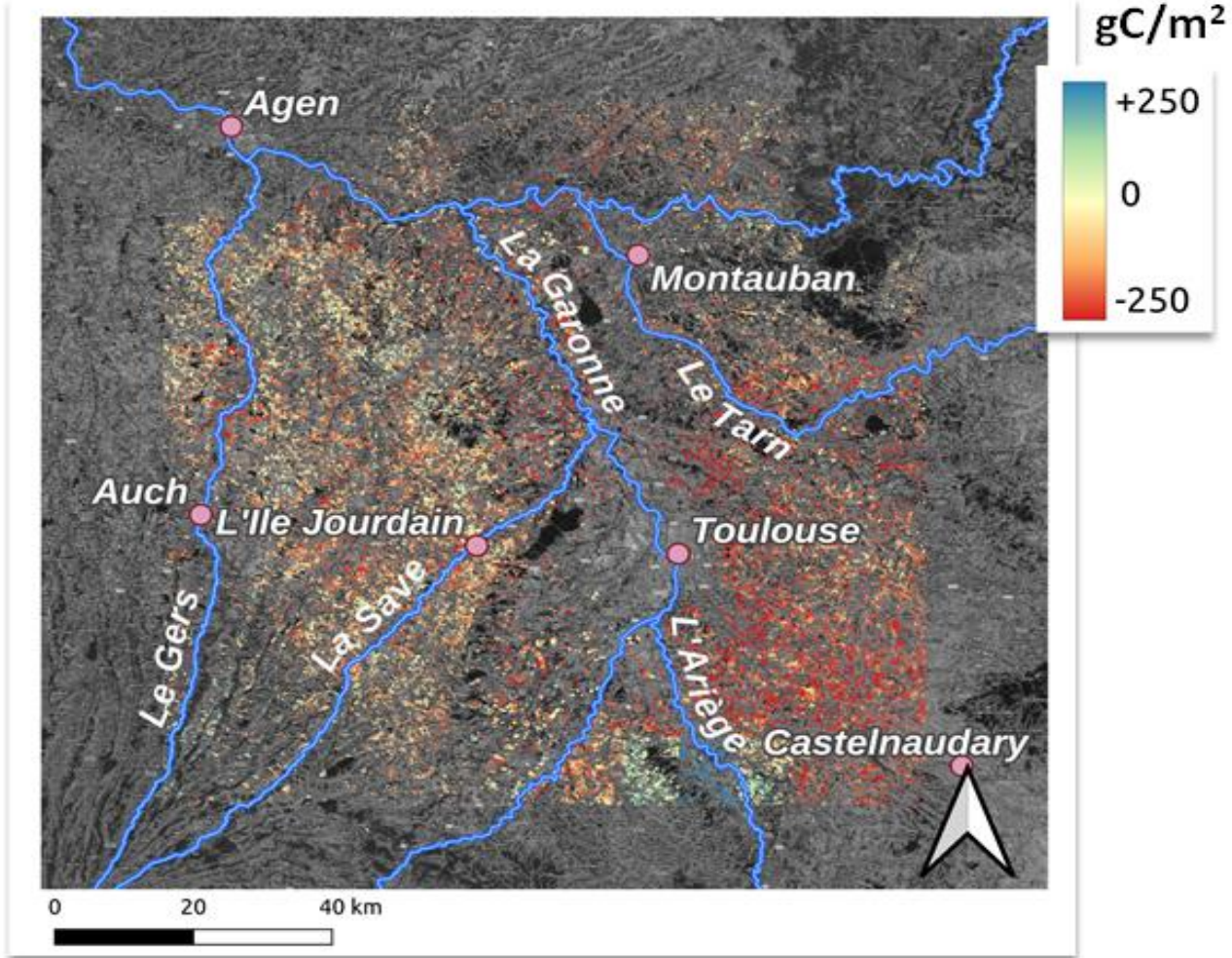


Scenario 2: grains + straw are harvested and no organic amendment applied



EO assimilation enables to produce scenarios vs Business as Usual

Comparability



EO assimilation enables to produce plot/farm specific baselines



provide clear, factual, objective information, including underlying sources, assumptions, and methodologies

1. Traceable and Reproducible Data Sources

→ **trace** the raw data and **reproduce** analyses, increasing trust.

2. Consistent, Wall-to-Wall Coverage

→ **Complete spatial coverage**

3. Model Integration = Physically Coherent Estimates

4. Transparent Uncertainty Quantification

→ Assimilation produce **error covariance estimates**

5. Independent Cross-Validation → **verification credibility.**

6. Automation & Auditability → **Reduce double counting**

Informing Policies

1. Enforces Evidence-Based Policy Design

EO assimilation provides quantified, spatially explicit evidence

2. Advances Harmonised MRV Frameworks

Same datasets support CRCF, CAP, and LULUCF reporting.
Improves comparability and avoids double-counting.

3. Enables Transparent and Auditable Accounting

EO assimilation produces **traceable and uncertainty-quantified** estimates.

4. Introduces Dynamic Monitoring and Adaptive Governance

Detects trends, reversals, and policy impacts in near-real time.

5. Ensures Performance-Based Incentives

Shifts from practice-based to **result-based payments** (€/tCO₂eq).

6. Ensures Policy Coherence and Integration

Aligning with sectoral policies common data streams across the Soil Monitoring Law, CRCF, and CAP.